Your journey inspires ours.





Daily Diabetes Meal Planning Guide

A daily meal plan is an important part of your diabetes management, along with physical activity, blood sugar (glucose) checks and, often, diabetes medications.

There is no one meal plan that works for everybody with diabetes. This guide provides you with information that may help you plan your meals, including:

- Balance Your Plate: Many people with diabetes like to keep meal planning simple. This eating plan can help you easily portion out your food.
- A Handy Guide to Portion Sizes: Quick tips for estimating portion sizes
- Food Lists for Meal Planning: If you want to count servings of food and follow a plan that is good for your diabetes too, use this tool to help you figure out how many carbohydrates, proteins, and fats are a good amount for you.
- Carbohydrate Counting: There are many foods with carbohydrates to enjoy, including grains, fruits, vegetables, milk products and even those with sugar. Carbohydrates raise your blood sugar level more than proteins and fats. This meal planning approach helps you keep track of how many carbohydrates you eat in your meals and snacks. Many people who take insulin like to use this plan.

Dietary Guidelines at a Glance:

- Balance your calories to manage your weight
- Increase your intake of nutrient-dense foods such as fruits, vegetables, whole grains, low-fat dairy and protein, and healthy fats/oils
- Reduce your intake of sodium, fats, added sugars, refined grains and alcohol
- Build healthy eating patterns

Checking your blood sugar as directed by your healthcare provider will help you to see how your food choices affect your blood sugar control.

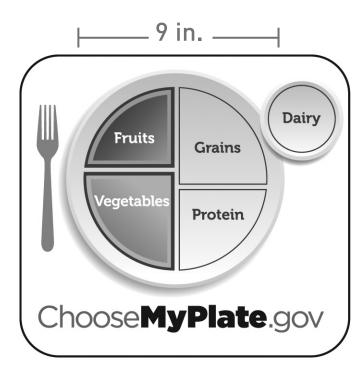
A registered dietitian (RD) can help you make a meal plan that best meets your needs and lifestyle. Ask your healthcare provider, certified diabetes educator (CDE), hospital, or local diabetes association for the names of RDs in your area who work with people who have diabetes or find an RD at www.eatright.org.

Visit us at www.LillyDiabetes.com



Meal Planning Options

Balance Your Plate



- FRUITS: A serving of fruit is 1 small fresh fruit, 2 tbsp dried fruit, or ½ cup canned fruit or 4 oz unsweetened fruit juice.
- VEGETABLES: Choose nonstarchy vegetables, such as broccoli, carrots, cauliflower or green beans.
- GRAINS: Fill ¼ of the plate with a bread, cooked grain, or starchy vegetable such as corn, brown rice, or potatoes. Choose whole grains more often.
- DAIRY: Add 1 cup fat-free/low-fat milk or ²/₃ cup fat-free/low-fat/light yogurt.
- PROTEIN: Fill this ¼ of the plate with lean meat, poultry, or fish. If you choose a plantbased protein, such as dried beans, consider the carbohydrate content as part of your total carbohydrate amount for the meal.

MyPlate is not customized to match an individual's carbohydrate needs and blood sugar goals. It's still important to see an RD or CDE for nutrition advice.

A Handy Guide to Portion Sizes:



The palm, not including fingers and thumb, is about 3 ounces of cooked and boneless meat.



The fist is about 1 cup or about 30 grams of carbs for foods, such as 1 cup ice cream or 1 cup cooked cereal.



The thumb is about 1 tablespoon or 1 serving of regular salad dressing, reduced-fat mayonnaise, or reduced-fat margarine.



The thumb tip is about 1 teaspoon or 1 serving of margarine, mayonnaise, or other fats or oils.

Hand sizes vary. These portion estimates are based on a woman's hand size. Measuring or weighing foods is the most accurate way to figure out portion size.

Food Lists for Meal Planning

Key

- * Foods marked with * should be counted as 1 starch + 1 fat per serving
- © Foods marked with © contain more than 3 grams of dietary fiber per serving
- ! Foods marked with ! contain 400 mg or more of sodium per serving

oz= ounce tsp= teaspoon tbsp= tablespoon

Adapted from:

The Official Pocket Guide to Diabetic Exchanges.

American Diabetes Association, 2011.

Starch

Each serving from this list contains 15 grams carbohydrate, 0-3 grams protein, 0-1 gram fat and 80 calories.

Most of the calories in these foods come from carbohydrates, a good source of energy. Many foods from this group also give you fiber, vitamins, and minerals. Prepare and eat starchy foods with as little added fat as possible. Choose whole grain starches when you can.

In general, a single serving of starch is:

- ½ cup of cooked cereal, grain, or starchy vegetable
- 1/3 cup of cooked rice or pasta
- 1 oz of a bread product (such as 1 slice of whole wheat bread)
- ¾ to 1 oz of most snack foods (some snack foods may also have extra fat)

Bread Serving	Size
Bagel (large, about 4 oz)	1/
*Biscuit (2 ½ inches across)	-
Bread (whole wheat, white or rye) (1 oz)	1 slic
*Cornbread (1 ¾-inch cube or 1 ½ oz)	1
English muffin	1/
Hot dog or hamburger bun (1 oz)	1/
Pancake (4 inches across, 1/4-inch thick)	
Pita pocket (6 inches across)	1/
Roll (plain, small, 1 oz)	-
Tortilla (corn or flour, 6 inches across)	-
*Waffle (4-inch square or 4-inch diameter)	1

Cereals and Grains	Serving Size
Cereals, cooked (oats, oatmeal)	½ cup
Cereals (unsweetened, ready-to-	eat) ¾ cup
Couscous	¹/₃ cup
Granola (low-fat)	½ cup
Pasta, cooked	¹/₃ cup
Rice, cooked (white or brown)	¹/₃ cup
Starchy Vegetables	Serving Size

½ cup	
1 cup	
½ cup	
½ cup	
oz) 1 cup	
½ cup	
1	
¹/₃ cup	
½ cup	
¾ cup	
½ cob	
½ cup	

GIACKEIS AIIU SIIACKS	Serving Size
Crackers	
*Round, butter-type	6
Saltines	6
Graham cracker (2 1/2-inch square	e) 3
© Popcorn	
*With butter	3 cups
Lower fat or no fat added	3 cups
Pretzels	3⁄4 OZ
Snack chips (tortilla chips, potato	chips)
Fat-free or baked (¾ oz)	15-20
*Regular (¾ oz)	9-13

Beans, Peas, and Lentils (Count as 1 Starch + 1 Lean Meat)

Ser	ving Size
⊕ Baked beans	1/3 cup
Beans, cooked (black, garbanzo,	
kidney, lima, navy, pinto, white)	½ cup
© Lentils, cooked (brown, green, yellow)	½ cup
© Peas, cooked (black-eyed, split)	½ cup

Fruits

Each serving from this list contains 15 grams carbohydrate, 0 grams fat, 0 grams protein and 60 calories.

Fruits are good sources of fiber, regardless of whether they are fresh, frozen, or dried. Fruit juices contain very little fiber. Choose whole fruit instead of juices whenever possible. When using canned fruit, choose fruit packed in its own juice or light syrup.

In general, a single serving of fruit is:

- ½ cup of canned or fresh fruit or 4 oz unsweetened fruit juice
- 1 small fresh fruit (4 oz)
- 2 tablespoons of dried fruit

Fruit	Serving Size
Apple, unpeeled (small, 4 oz)	1
Applesauce, unsweetened	½ cup
Banana (extra small, 4 oz)	1
Berries	
Blackberries	¾ cup
Blueberries	¾ cup

	Fruit (continued)	Serving Size	
(د	Raspberries	1 cup	
9	Strawberries (whole)	1 ¼ cup	
	Cantaloupe (cubed)	1 cup	
	Cherries (sweet, fresh, 3 oz)	12	
	Dried fruits (blueberries, cherri-	es,	
	cranberries, mixed fruit, raisir	ns) 2 tbsp	
	Grapefruit (large, 11 oz)	1/2	
	Grapes (small, 3 oz)	17	
	Guava	½ cup	
9	Kiwi (3 ½ oz)	1	
	Mandarin oranges, canned	¾ cup	
	Mango (small, 5 ½ oz)	½ fruit or ½ cup	
9	Orange (small, 6 ½ oz)	i	
	Papaya (cubed, 8 oz)	½ fruit or 1 cup	
	Peaches (fresh, medium, 6 oz)	1	
	Pears (fresh, large, 4 oz)	1/2	
	Pineapple (fresh)	3/4 cup	
	Plums (small)	2	
	Dried (prunes)	3	
	Watermelon (cubes, 13 ½ oz)1	Silve of 1 74 Cups	١

erving Size
e ½ cup
¹/ ₃ cup
1/3 cup
1/3 cup

Milk

Milk and yogurt are rich in calcium and protein. Choose fat-free, low-fat and reduced-fat varieties for health. They have less saturated fat and cholesterol than whole milk products.

Fat-free (skim) or low-fat (1%) milk and yogurt: Each serving from this list contains 12 grams carbohydrate, 8 grams protein, 0-3 grams fat and 100 calories.

	Serving Size
Milk, buttermilk, acidophilus milk,	Lactaid 1 cup
Evaporated milk	½ cup
Yogurt (plain or flavored with a	
low-calorie sweetener, 6 oz)	² / ₃ Cup

Reduced-fat (2%) milk and yogurt: Each serving from this list contains 12 grams carbohydrate, 8 grams protein, 5 grams fat and 120 calories.

	Serving Size
Milk, acidophilus milk, Lactaid	1 cup
Yogurt (plain, 6 oz)	3/4 CUP

Whole milk and yogurt: Each serving from this list contains 12 grams carbohydrate, 8 grams protein, 8 grams fat and 160 calories.

Milk, buttermilk, goat's milk	1 cu
Evaporated milk	½ cu
Yogurt (plain, 8 oz)	1 cu

Food Lists for Meal Planning

Dairy-like Foods	Serving Size
Chocolate milk (fat-free)	1 cup
(1 fat-free milk + 1 carbohydra	ate)
Chocolate milk (whole)	1 cup
(1 whole milk + 1 carbohydrat	te)
Smoothies (flavored, regular)	10 oz
(1 fat-free milk + 2 ½ carbohy	drate)
Soy milk (regular, plain)	1 cup
(1 carbohydrate + 1 fat)	
Yogurt with fruit (low-fat, 6 oz)	2/3 CUD
(1 fat-free milk + 1 carbohydr	ate)

Nonstarchy Vegetables

Each serving from this list contains 5 grams carbohydrate, 2 grams protein and 25 calories.

You should try to eat at least 2 to 3 servings of nonstarchy vegetables each day. Choose a variety of vegetables to benefit from their essential vitamins, minerals, and antioxidants. When using canned vegetables, choose no-saltadded versions or rinse.

In general, a single serving of a nonstarchy vegetable is:

- ½ cup of cooked vegetables or vegetable juice
- 1 cup of raw vegetables

Amaranth or Chinese spinach Beans (green, wax, Italian)

Bean sprouts Broccoli

Cabbage (green, bok choy, Chinese)

© Carrots Cauliflower Celery Cucumber

> Eggplant Greens (collard, kale, mustard, turnip)

Jicama Mushrooms

Onions Pea pods

Okra

© Peppers (all varieties) Radishes

! Sauerkraut Spinach

Squash (summer, crookneck, zucchini) Tomatoes (fresh and canned)

! Tomato sauce

! Tomato/vegetable juice Water chestnuts

Sweets, Desserts, and **Other Carbohydrates**

Each serving from this list contains 15 grams carbohydrate; protein, fat and calorie content varies.

You can substitute food choices from this list for other carbohydrate-containing foods (such as those found on the Starch, Fruit or Milk lists) in your meal plan, even though these foods have added sugars or fat. The foods on this list do not have as many vitamins, minerals, and fiber. Choose foods from this list less often, especially if you are trying to lose weight. Many sugar-free, fat-free and reduced-fat products are made with ingredients that contain carbohydrates, so check the Total Carbohydrate information on the Nutrition Facts food label. Count each serving as 1 car

(1 carbohydrate + 1 fat)

Gelatin, regular

Sports drink

(2 carbohydrates)

made with fat-free milk)

Syrup (light, pancake type)

Yogurt (frozen, fat-free)

Syrup (regular, pancake type)

(sugar-free or sugar- and fat-free,

(1 ½ carbohydrates + 2 fats)

Doughnut (cake, plain, medium, about 1½ oz) 1

Fruit juice bars (frozen, 100% juice, 3 oz) 1 bar

Nutrition racio 1000 laber. Count	bacii sei villy as	Outlage theese	/4 Gup
1 carbohydrate unless otherwise	noted.	Egg whites	2
Food Brownie (small, unfrosted, about (1 carbohydrate + 1 fat) Cake (frosted, 2-inch square) (2 carbohydrates + 1 fat)	Serving Size 1 oz) 1	Fish (fresh or frozen, plain): Catfish, cod, flounder, haddock, halib roughy, salmon, tilapia, trout, tuna ! Hot dog (with 3 grams of fat or less per Pork (lean): Rib or loin chop/roast, ham, tenderloid	er oz) 1 1 oz
Cake (unfrosted, 2-inch square) (1 carbohydrate + 1 fat)	1	! Canadian bacon	,
Candy bar (chocolate/peanut) 2	"fun size" bars	Poultry (without skin)	1 oz
$(1^{1/2} \text{ carbohydrates} + 1^{1/2} \text{ fa}$	ts)	Processed sandwich meats (with 3 grams of fat or less per oz)	1 oz
Candy (hard)	3 pieces	\	1 07
Cookies (chocolate chip, 2 ¹ / ₄ inc (1 carbohydrate + 2 fats)	h across) 2	Tuna (canned in water or oil, drained)	1 oz
Cookies (vanilla wafer)	5	Medium-fat meat and protein sou	rces:

1/2 CUD

1/2 cup

1/2 CUP

2 tbsp

1 tbsp

1/3 cup

1 cup (8 oz) 1 tbsp

Each serving from this list contains 0 grams carbohydrate, 7 grams protein, 4-7 grams fat and 75 calories.

Granola snack bar (regular or low-	-fat) 1 oz bar	Corned beef, ground beef, meatl Prime grades trimmed of fat (pri	,
(1 ½ carbohydrates)		9 "	,
Hot chocolate, (regular, made with	า water)	Cheeses (with 4-7 grams of fat pe	er oz) 1
(1 carbohydrate + 1 fat)	1 envelope	Mozzarella, pasteurized process	ed cheese
Ice cream (light or no sugar adde	d) ¹ /2 cup	spread, reduced-fat cheeses, sti	ring cheese,
(1 carbohydrate + 1 fat)		! Feta	
Ice cream (regular)	1/2 cup	Egg	
(1 carbohydrate + 2 fats)		Fish, any fried type	1
Jam or jelly (regular)	1 tbsp	Pork (cutlet, shoulder roast)	1
Muffin (4 oz)	1/4 muffin	Poultry (with skin or fried)	1
(1 carbohydrate $+ \frac{1}{2}$ fat)		Ricotta cheese (2 oz)	1/4 CI
Pie (8-inch, 2-crust, fruit)	1/6 pie	()	
(3 carbohydrates + 2 fats)	'	! Sausage (with 4-7 grams of fat p	Jei 02) I
Pudding (regular, made with redu	ced-fat milk)	High-fat meat and protein sour	ces: Fach

Bacon (pork)	2 slices
! Bacon (turkey)	3 slices
Cheese (regular):	1 oz
American, bleu, brie, cheddar, hard go	oat,
Monterey jack, queso, swiss	
*I Hot dog (beef nork or combination)	1

Meat and Protein Sources

Lean meats and protein sources: Each serving from this list contains 0 grams carbohydrate, 7 grams protein, 0-3 grams fat and 45 calories.

Meat and protein sources are rich in protein. Whenever possible, choose lean meats. Portion sizes on this list are based on cooked weight, after bone and fat have been removed. The carbohydrate content varies among plant-based proteins, so read food labels carefully.

Beef (Select or Choice grades, trimmed of fat):

Ground round, roast (chuck, rib, rump), 1 oz sirloin, steak (cubed, flank, porterhouse, T-bone, tenderloin) Cheeses (with 3 grams of fat or less per oz)1 oz Cottage cheese

1 oz

Corned beef, ground beef, meatloaf,	
Prime grades trimmed of fat (prime rib)	
Cheeses (with 4-7 grams of fat per oz)	1 0
Mozzarella, pasteurized processed che	
spread, reduced-fat cheeses, string ch	eese,
! Feta	
Egg	1
Fish, any fried type	1 oz
Pork (cutlet, shoulder roast)	1 oz
Poultry (with skin or fried)	1 oz
Ricotta cheese (2 oz)	1/4 cup
! Sausage (with 4-7 grams of fat per oz)	1 oz

High-fat meat and protein sources: Each serving from this list contains 0 grams carbohydrate, 7 grams protein, 8+ grams fat and 100 calories.

Bacon (pork)	2 SIICES	
Bacon (turkey)	3 slices	
Cheese (regular):	1 oz	
American, bleu, brie, cheddar, ha	rd goat,	
Monterey jack, queso, swiss		
Hot dog (beef, pork, or combinatio	n) 1	

Pork sparerib	1
Processed sandwich meats (with 8 or	-
more grams of fat per oz):	
Bologna, pastrami, ! hard salami	
! Sausage (with 8 or more grams	
of fat per oz):	
Bratwurst, chorizo, Italian, knockwurst,	
Polish, smoked, summer	

Plant-based proteins: Each serving from this list contains 7 grams protein; amount of carbohydrate, fat, and calories varies.

Beans, peas, and lentils are also found on the Starch list. Nut butters in smaller amounts are found in the Fats list.

Serving Size Food

© Beans, lentils, or peas (cooked) (1 starch + 1 lean meat)	¹ / ₂ cup
© Hummus	1/3 cup
(1 carbohydrate + 1 high-fat meat) Nut spreads: almond butter, cashew butter, peanut butter, soy nut butter (1 high-fat meat)	1 tbsp
Tempeh (1 medium-fat meat)	³ / ₄ cup
Tofu (4 oz) (1 medium-fat meat)	¹/2 cup

Fats

Each serving from this list contains 0 grams carbohydrate, 0 grams protein, 5 grams fat and 45 calories.

Choose heart-healthy fats from the monounsaturated and polyunsaturated groups more often.

In general, a single serving of fat is:

- 1 teaspoon of regular margarine. vegetable oil or butter
- 1 tablespoon of regular salad dressing

Serving Size

Unsaturated Fats Monounsaturated Fats

Avocado (medium, 1 oz) Nut butters (<i>trans</i> -fat free)		tbsp 2 tsp
Nuts		
Almonds, cashews		6
Macadamia		3
Peanuts		10
Pecans	4 ha	llves
Oil (canola, olive, peanut)	1	tsp
Olives (black, ripe)	8 1	arge
! Olives (green, stuffed)	10 l	arge

Polyunsaturated Fats	Serving Size
•	•
Margarine (lower-fat spread)	1 tbsp
Margarine (stick, tub or squeeze)	1 tsp
Mayonnaise (reduced-fat)	1 tbsp
Mayonnaise (regular)	1 tsp
Oil (corn, cottonseed, flaxseed, gi	rape 1 tsp

	seed, safflower, soybean, sunflower)	
ļ	Salad dressing (reduced-fat)	2 tbsp
!	Salad dressing (regular)	1 tbsp

Saturated Fats	Serving Size
Bacon (cooked, regular or turkey)	1 slice
Butter	1 tsp
Cream (half and half)	2 tbsp
Cream cheese (reduced-fat)	1 ¹ / ₂ tbsp
Cream cheese (regular)	1 tbsp
Sour cream (reduced-fat or light)	3 tbsp
Sour cream (regular)	2 tbsp

Free Foods

Condiments

Coturated Fata

ΟZ

ΟZ

Each serving from this list has 5 grams or less of carbohydrate and less than 20 calories per serving.

Eat up to 3 servings per day of the free foods in the serving size noted without counting any carbohydrates. Choices listed without a serving size can be eaten whenever you like. For better blood sugar control, spread your servings of these foods over the day.

Low-carbohydrate Foods Serving	Size
Cabbage (raw) 1/2	cup
Gelatin (sugar-free or unflavored)	free
Gum	free
Jam or jelly (light or no sugar added)	2 tsp
Salad greens	free
Sugar substitutes (low-calorie sweeteners)	free

Modified-fat Foods with Carbohydrates **Serving Size** Cream cheese (fat-free) 1 tbsp Creamers (nondairy, liquid) 1 tbsp Creamers (nondairy, powdered) 2 tsp Salad dressing (fat-free or low-fat) 1 tbsp Salad dressing (fat-free Italian) 2 tbsp

Serving Size

Condinents	sei villy size
Barbecue sauce	2 tsp
Catsup (ketchup)	1 tbsp
Mustard	free
! Pickles (medium size dill)	1 ¹ / ₂
Salsa	1/4 cup
Taco sauce	1 tbsp
Vinegar	free
Drinks/Mixes	
! Bouillon, broth, consommé	free
Carbonated or mineral water, club	soda free
Coffee or tea	free
Diet soft drinks or sugar-free drink	k mixes free

asonings	
voring extracts	
rlio	

Flavoring extracts	free
Garlic	free
Herbs (fresh or dried)	free
Nonstick cooking spray	free
Spices	free

Worcestershire sauce free

Combination Foods

Combination foods contain foods from more than one food list, but with the help of an RD you can fit these foods into your meal plan.

Serving Size

1 cup

Entrees ! Casserole type: Tuna noodle, lasagna, macaroni and cheese, 8 oz

(2 carbohydrates + 2 medium-fat meats)

Frozen Meals	Serving Size
!©Burrito (beef and bean, 5 oz)	1

(3 carbohydrates + 1 lean meat + 2 fats)! Pizza (cheese/vegetarian, thin crust)

14 of a 12-inch pie

(2 carbohydrates + 2 medium-fat meats)

Serving Size Soups ! Bean, lentil, or split pea 1 cup (1 carbohydrate + 1 lean meat)

! Tomato (made with water) 1 cup (1 carbohydrate)

Alcohol

In general, 1 alcohol equivalent has about 100 calories. One alcohol equivalent is 12 oz beer or 1 ½ oz distilled spirits or 5 oz wine. If you choose to drink alcohol, limit it to 1 drink or less per day if you are a woman and 2 drinks or less per day if you are a man.

These Food Lists are not intended to be all inclusive. Consult with your RD about any foods that you eat which are not listed.

Sample Meal Plan: Pulling the Food Lists Together

The table below shows sample meal plans, by numbers of servings, for different calorie requirements. Ask your RD, CDE, or healthcare provider which plan may work best for you. Each plan provides about half of its calories from carbohydrates and less than 25% of calories from fat, based on choosing fat-free milk and low-fat meats (Lean Meat Group) and cheeses.

	Calorie	s per day	*		
	1200	1600	1800	2000	2200
Carbohydrates					
Starches	5	7	8	9	10
Fruits	3	3	3	4	4
Milk	2	3	3	3	3
Sweets, Desserts, & Other Carbohydrates †					
Nonstarchy Vegetables	3	4	5	6	6
Meat & Meat Substitutes	4 oz	6 oz	6 oz	7 oz	8 oz
Fats	3	5	6	6	7

^{*} The numbers included in the chart are individual servings from each food list.

Carbohydrate Counting

Carbohydrate (starch and sugar) is the main nutrient in food that raises blood sugar. When you plan meals based on carbohydrate counting, count only the foods that contain carbohydrates. Calculate the carbohydrate grams or choices using the bolded carbohydrate numbers at the top of each food list. If you are using a packaged food with a Nutrition Facts label, count the number of "Total Carbohydrate" grams based on the serving size listed on the label.

• TO CALCULATE CARBOHYDRATE CHOICES:

Divide the number of grams of total carbohydrates by 15 (because 1 carbohydrate choice = 15 grams of carbohydrate).

Total carbohydrates = 22g

22 divided by 15 = 1.5

So, 8 crackers = 2 carbohydrate choices

Food Groups	Grams of Carbohydrate per Serving
Starches	15
Fruits	15
Milk	12
Nonstarchy Vegetables	5
Sweets, Desserts, Other Carbohydrates	varies
Meat and Protein Sources	0
Fats	0
Free Foods	< 5
Combination Foods	varies

Nutrition Facts		Check the serving size: 8 crackers
Serving Size 8 crackers (28g)		Is that how much you plan
Amount per serving		to eat?
Calories 120 Fat Calories	30	
% Daily	Value	This number (28g) is the
Total Fat 3.5g	5%	weight of the crackers,
Saturated Fat 1g	5%	not the amount of
Trans Fat 0g		carbohydrates in the
Polyunsaturated Fat 1.5g		serving.
Monounsaturated Fat 0.5g		
Cholesterol 0mg	0%	Occupt total combalmeter
Sodium 140mg	6%	Count total carbohydrate.
Total Carbohydrate 22g	7%	
Dietary Fiber less than 1g	3%	You do not need to count
Sugar 7g		sugar separately because
Protein 2g Vitamin A 0% Vitamin C	0%	it is already counted as part of the total
Calcium 10% Iron	4%	carbohydrate.

How much carbohydrate do you need?

Your RD can help decide how much carbohydrate you need. The amount depends on your age, weight, activity, and diabetes medications, if needed.

It's important to know that...

1 carbohydrate choice = 15 grams carbohydrate.

Women often need about 45-60 grams carbohydrate (3-4 choices) at each of 3 meals and 15 grams carbohydrate (1 choice) for snacks as needed.

Men often need 60-75 grams carbohydrate (4-5 choices) at each of 3 meals and 15-30 grams carbohydrate (1-2 choices) for snacks as needed.

Personal Meal Plan

Meal Plan for:						With your BD fill in your personal
Registered Dietitian:	No	No. of Carbohydrate Choices:	Proteins	Proteins (ounces):	meal plan	meal plan below with the number of groups of carbohydrates and/or
Phone:	Tol	Total Calories:	Fats (grams):	ıms):	or granns of number of	or grants or carbonyurates and/or number of carbohydrate choices for
E-mail:	Ca	Carbohydrates (grams):			each meal	each meal and snack (if needed).
	Breakfast (Time:)	Snack (Time:)	Lunch (Time:)	Snack (Time:)	Dinner (Time:)	Snack (Time:)
Carbohydrates						
Starch						
Fruits						
Milk						
Nonstarchy Vegetables						
Sweets, Desserts & Other Carbohydrates						
Meat & Protein Sources						
Fats						
Free Foods						
Menu Ideas						

[†] Consult with an RD about how to substitute foods from the Sweets, Desserts, and Other Carbohydrates list with other carbohydrate-containing foods as associated calorie content may be higher.

Resources

American Association of Diabetes Educators

www.diabeteseducator.org

American Diabetes Association

www.diabetes.org

Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics

www.eatright.org

The Official Pocket Guide to Diabetic Exchanges

American Diabetes Association, 2011.

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Visit us at www.LillyDiabetes.com

Diabetes Care and Education (DCE), a dietetic practice group of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, promotes quality diabetes care and education. DCE comprises members of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics who are leaders in the field of medical nutrition therapy (MNT) and care of people with diabetes. Their expertise is widely recognized throughout the diabetes community. We are pleased to have had the opportunity to collaborate with this group of professionals on the creation of Lilly's **Daily Diabetes Meal Planning Guide.**

We hope you find this resource useful.

This guide has been developed, written and reviewed by:

Authors:

Tami A. Ross, RD, LD, CDE Patti B. Geil, MS, RD, FADA, CDE

Reviewers:

Connie Crawley, MS, RD, LD Alison Evert, MS, RD, CDE Carrie Swift, MS, RD, BC-ADM, CDE

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